Financial Statements

Year Ended December 31, 2023

Index to Financial Statements

Year Ended December 31, 2023

		Page
MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY		1
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT		2 - 3
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS		
Consolidated Statement of Financial Position Statement 1		4
Statement of Revenues and Expenditures and Changes in Net Assets		5
Statement of Accumulated Surplus		6
Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows Statement 4		7
Statement of Remeasurement Gains and Losses		8
Notes to Financial Statements		9 - 18
Schedule of Taxes and Other Unconditional Revenue (Schedule 1)		19
Schedule of Operating and Capital Revenue by Function (Schedule 2)		20
Schedule of Operating and Capital Revenue by Function (continued)	(Schedule 2)	21
Total Expenses by Function (Schedule 3)		22
Total Expenses by Function (continued)	(Schedule 3)	23
Consolidated Schedule of Segment Disclosure by Function (Schedule 4))	24
Consolidated Schedule of Segment Disclosure by Function (Schedule 5))	25
Consolidated Schedule of Tangible Capital Assets by Object (Schedule	6)	26
Consolidated Schedule of Tangible Capital Assets by Function (Schedu	le 7)	27
Consolidated Schedule of Accumulated Surplus (Schedule 8)		28
Schedule of Mill Rates and Assessments (Schedule 9)		29
Schedule of Council Remuneration (Schedule 10)		30
Schedule of Restructuring (Schedule 11)		31

Management's Responsibility

The municipality's management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of the accompanying consolidated financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards (PSAS). The preparation of the statements necessarily includes selecting appropriate accounting principles and methods, and making decisions affecting the measurement of transactions in which objective judgements and estimates by management is required.

In discharging its responsibilities for the integrity and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements, management designs and maintains the necessary accounting, budget, and other related internal controls to provide reasonable assurance that transactions are appropriately authorized and accurately recorded, that assets are properly accounted for and safeguarded, and that financial records are properly maintained to provide reliable information for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements.

The Council is composed of elected officials who are not employees of the municipality. The Council is responsible for overseeing management in the performance of its financial reporting responsibilities. The Council fulfills these responsibilities by reviewing the financial information prepared by management and discussing relevant matters with external auditors. The Council is also responsible for recommending the appointment of the municipality's external auditors.

Ingram and Yeadon Accountants, an independent firm of Chartered Professional Accountants, is appointed by the Council to audit the consolidated financial statements and report directly to them; their report follows. The external auditors have full and free access to, and meet periodically and separately with, both the Council and management to discuss their audit findings.

Administrator

Ingram & Yeadon Accountants

Karen K. Ingram, CPA Prof. Corp. Marla Yeadon CPA Prof. Corp.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Reeve and Council of Rural Municipality of Pleasantdale No. 398

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Rural Municipality of Pleasantdale No. 398 (the organization), which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at December 31, 2023, and the consolidated statements of operations, change in net financial assets, remeasurement gains and losses and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the municipality as at December 31, 2023, and the results of its operations and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the municipality in accordance with ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with PSAS, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the municipality's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the municipality or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing themunicipality's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

Independent Auditor's Report to the Reeve and Council of Rural Municipality of Pleasantdale No. 398 (continued)

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the
 municipality's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the municipality's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the municipality to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Melfort, Saskatchewan May 9, 2024 Ingram & Yeadon Accountants

Ingram & charge

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

Statement 1

December 31, 2023

		2023		2022
FINANCIAL ASSETS				
Cash (Note 2)	\$	1,724,808	\$	842,762
Taxes Receivable - Municipal (Note 3)	•	99,660	Ψ	68,442
Other Accounts Receivable (Note 5)		105,115		246,473
Assets Held for Sale (Note 6)		664		665
Long-Term Investments (Note 7)	2	86,681		77,362
Total Financial Assets		2,016,928		1,235,704
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable		96,140		16,037
Deposits		600		550
Deferred Revenue (Note 9)		3,976		4,134
Other Liabilities		-		13,808
Long term debt (Note 10)		133,050		186,960
Lease Obligations	N-	-		32,136
Total Liabilities	-	233,766		253,625
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS (DEBT)	· -	1,783,162		982,079
NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS				
Tangible Capital Assets(Schedule 6, 7)		2,807,896		3,148,667
Prepayments and Deferred Charges		262		286
Stock and Supplies		244,435		272,223
	:=	3,052,593		3,421,176
Accumulated Surplus (Deficit) (Schedule 8)	\$	4,835,755	\$	4,403,254
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS CONSISTS OF:				
Accumulated operating surplus	\$	4,835,755	\$	4,403,254
Accumulated remeasurement gains (losses)	2 <u></u>			
	.	4,835,755	\$	4,403,254

CONTINGENT LIABILITY (Note 11)

CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS AND COMMITMENTS (Note 13)

Consolidated Statement of Operations

Statement 2

		Budget 2023		2023		2022
REVENUES						
Tax Revenue (Schedule 1)	\$	1,436,010	\$	1,425,210	\$	1,415,590
Unconditional Revenue (Schedule 1)	Ψ	409,000	Ψ.	409,203	*	363,305
Fees and Charges (Schedule 4, 5)		97,840		114,209		152,965
Conditional Grants (Schedule 4, 5)		69,650		70,630		15,830
Tangible Capital Assets Sales - Gain (Schedule 4, 5)		-		(2,418)		22,792
Land Sales - Gain (Schedule 4, 5)		221,380		82,091		523
Investment Income (Note 3) (Schedule 4, 5)		4,140		26,369		4,851
Commissions (Schedule 4, 5)		3,000		7,233		2,903
Other revenues (Schedule 4, 5)		29,900		22,361		26,018
Capital Conditional Grants (Schedule 4, 5)		36,830		40,170		257,002
Total Revenues		2,307,750		2,195,058		2,261,779
	_	2,307,750		2,195,058		2,261,779
EXPENSES						
General Government Services (Schedule 3)		343,380		300,428		321,700
Protective Services(Schedule 3)		65,080		69,335		53,836
Transportation Services(Schedule 3)		1,650,470		1,272,009		1,643,131
Environment & Public Health Services (Schedule 3)		71,350		58,963		45,804
Planning & Development Services(Schedule 3)		500		-		43
Recreation & Cultural Services(Schedule 3)		32,700		30,071		33,577
Utility Services(Schedule 3)	_	31,400		31,753		14,389
		2,194,880		1,762,559		2,112,480
Surplus (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenses		112,870		432,499		149,299
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS - BEGINNING OF YEAR		4,403,253		4,403,256		4,253,955
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS - END OF YEAR	\$	4,516,123	\$	4,835,755	\$	4,403,254

Consolidated Statement of Change in Net Financial Assets Statement 3

Year Ended December 31, 2023

		Budget 2023	2023	2022		
ANNUAL SURPLUS	\$	112,870	\$ 432,499	\$	149,299	
(Acquisition) of tangible capital assets		_	(42,996)		(1,140,509)	
Amortization		_	378,067		378,029	
Proceeds on disposal of tangible capital assets		-	3,282		375,700	
Loss (gain) on the disposal of tangible capital assets	-	-	2,418		(22,792)	
Surplus (deficit) of capital expenses over expenditures		-	340,771		(409,572)	
Consumption (acquisition) of supplies stock and supplies		_	27,788		(4,411)	
Use (acquisition) of prepayments and deferred charges		-	24		(144)	
Rounding			1		3	
Surplus (deficit) of expenses		-	27,813		(4,552)	
of other non-financial over expenditures						
		-	368,584		(414,124)	
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NET FINANCIAL ASSETS		112,870	801,083		(264,825)	
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS - BEGINNING OF YEAR		982,077	982,079		1,246,904	
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS - END OF YEAR	\$	1,094,947	\$ 1,783,162	\$	982,079	

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

Statement 4

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Items not affecting cash: Amortization 378,067 37 Loss (gain) on disposal of tangible capital assets 2,418 (2 812,984 50	78,029 78,029 22,792) 04,536 (5,349) 03,307) 938 (6,635) 200 131 3,808
Items not affecting cash: Amortization 378,067 37 Loss (gain) on disposal of tangible capital assets 2,418 (2 812,984 50	78,029 22,792) 04,536 05,349) 03,307) 938 (6,635) 200 131
Amortization 378,067 37 Loss (gain) on disposal of tangible capital assets 2,418 (2 812,984 50 Change in assets/liabilities (31,218) (1 Taxes Receivable - Municipal (31,218) (1 Other Accounts Receivable 141,358 (20 Assets Held for Sale 1 1 Accounts payable 80,103 (Deposits 50 50 Deferred Revenue (158) (Other Liabilities (13,808) 1 Stock and Supplies for use 27,788 (Prepayments and Deferred Charges 24 204,140 (21 Cash provided by operating transactions 1,017,124 28 CAPITAL AND INVESTING 4(2,996) (1,14 Proceeds on disposal of capital assets (42,996) (1,14 Proceeds on disposal of investments - - Proceeds on disposal of investments - - Decrease (increase) in investments (9,319) 1	22,792) 04,536 05,349) 03,307) 938 (6,635) 200 131
Loss (gain) on disposal of tangible capital assets 2,418 (2)	22,792) 04,536 05,349) 03,307) 938 (6,635) 200 131
S12,984 50 Change in assets/liabilities Taxes Receivable - Municipal (31,218) (1 Other Accounts Receivable 141,358 (20 Assets Held for Sale 1	04,536 05,349) 03,307) 938 (6,635) 200 131
Change in assets/liabilities (31,218) (1 Taxes Receivable - Municipal (31,218) (1 Other Accounts Receivable 141,358 (20 Assets Held for Sale 1 Accounts payable 80,103 (Deposits 50 50 50 (158) (158) (158) (158) (158) (13,808) 1 (13,808) 1 (13,808) 1 (13,808) 1 (13,808) 1 (13,808) 1 (21,27,788) (20,27,788) (20,27,788) (20,27,788) (20,27,788) (20,27,788) (21,27,27,288) (21,27,27,288) (21,27,27,288) (21,27,27,288) (22,27,27,288) (23,27,27,288) (23,27,27,288) (24,29,27,288) (24,29,27,288) (24,29,27,288) (24,29,288)	5,349) 3,307) 938 (6,635) 200 131
Taxes Receivable - Municipal (31,218) (1 Other Accounts Receivable 141,358 (20 Assets Held for Sale 1 1 Accounts payable 80,103 (Deposits 50 50 Deferred Revenue (158) (158) Other Liabilities (13,808) 1 Stock and Supplies for use 27,788 (Prepayments and Deferred Charges 24 24 Cash provided by operating transactions 1,017,124 28 CAPITAL AND INVESTING (42,996) (1,14 Proceeds on disposal of capital assets (42,996) (1,14 Proceeds on disposal of capital assets - - Proceeds on disposal of investments - - Decrease (increase) in investments - - Decrease (increase) in investments (9,319) 1	93,307) 938 (6,635) 200 131
Taxes Receivable - Municipal (31,218) (1 Other Accounts Receivable 141,358 (20 Assets Held for Sale 1 1 Accounts payable 80,103 (Deposits 50 50 Deferred Revenue (158) (158) Other Liabilities (13,808) 1 Stock and Supplies for use 27,788 (Prepayments and Deferred Charges 24 24 Cash provided by operating transactions 1,017,124 28 CAPITAL AND INVESTING (42,996) (1,14 Proceeds on disposal of capital assets (42,996) (1,14 Proceeds on disposal of capital assets - - Proceeds on disposal of investments - - Decrease (increase) in investments - - Decrease (increase) in investments (9,319) 1	93,307) 938 (6,635) 200 131
Other Accounts Receivable Assets Held for Sale Accounts payable Accounts payable Deposits Deferred Revenue Other Liabilities Other Liabilities Stock and Supplies for use Prepayments and Deferred Charges Cash provided by operating transactions CAPITAL AND INVESTING Additions to capital assets Proceeds on disposal of capital assets Decrease (increase) in restricted cash or cash equivalents Proceeds on disposal of investments Decrease (increase) in investments (20 Assets Held for Sale 1 1,013,808 1 1,3808) 1 1,017,124 28 CAPITAL AND INVESTING Additions to capital assets (42,996) 1,14 Proceeds on disposal of capital assets	93,307) 938 (6,635) 200 131
Assets Held for Sale Accounts payable Bo,103 Deposits Deferred Revenue Other Liabilities Stock and Supplies for use Prepayments and Deferred Charges Cash provided by operating transactions CAPITAL AND INVESTING Additions to capital assets Proceeds on disposal of capital assets Decrease (increase) in restricted cash or cash equivalents Proceeds on disposal of investments Decrease (increase) in investments 1 80,103 0 (13,808) 1 1 (21,788 0 (21,140 0 (938 (6,635) 200 131
Accounts payable Deposits Deferred Revenue Other Liabilities Other Liabilities Other Liabilities Stock and Supplies for use Prepayments and Deferred Charges Cash provided by operating transactions Cash provided by operating transactions CAPITAL AND INVESTING Additions to capital assets Proceeds on disposal of capital assets Decrease (increase) in restricted cash or cash equivalents Proceeds on disposal of investments Decrease (increase) in investments Decrease (increase) in investments Output 1,017,124 28 (42,996) (1,14 27 28 29 204,140 (1,14 29 204,140 (21 204 204 204 204 204 204 204 2	(6,635) 200 131
Deposits 50 Deferred Revenue (158) Other Liabilities (13,808) 1 Stock and Supplies for use 27,788 (Prepayments and Deferred Charges 24 Cash provided by operating transactions 1,017,124 28 CAPITAL AND INVESTING Additions to capital assets (42,996) (1,14 Proceeds on disposal of capital assets 3,282 37 Decrease (increase) in restricted cash or cash equivalents Proceeds on disposal of investments - Decrease (increase) in investments (9,319) 1	200 131
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Other Liabilities Stock and Supplies for use Prepayments and Deferred Charges Cash provided by operating transactions CAPITAL AND INVESTING Additions to capital assets Proceeds on disposal of capital assets Decrease (increase) in restricted cash or cash equivalents Proceeds on disposal of investments Decrease (increase) in investments Decrease (increase) in investments Decrease (increase) in investments Output (13,808) 1 27,788 (21) 28 CAPITAL AND INVESTING (42,996) (1,14) 1,14 28 CAPITAL AND INVESTING Additions to capital assets 1,24 28 CAPITAL AND INVESTING 1,24 28 CAPITAL AND I	
Stock and Supplies for use Prepayments and Deferred Charges 24 204,140 Cash provided by operating transactions 1,017,124 28 CAPITAL AND INVESTING Additions to capital assets Proceeds on disposal of capital assets Decrease (increase) in restricted cash or cash equivalents Proceeds on disposal of investments Decrease (increase) in investments	3.000
Prepayments and Deferred Charges 24 204,140 (21) Cash provided by operating transactions 1,017,124 28 CAPITAL AND INVESTING Additions to capital assets (42,996) (1,14) Proceeds on disposal of capital assets 3,282 37 Decrease (increase) in restricted cash or cash equivalents Proceeds on disposal of investments - Proceeds (increase) in investments (9,319) 1	(4,410)
Cash provided by operating transactions 1,017,124 28 CAPITAL AND INVESTING Additions to capital assets Proceeds on disposal of capital assets Decrease (increase) in restricted cash or cash equivalents Proceeds on disposal of investments Decrease (increase) in investments Decrease (increase) in investments (9,319) 1	(144)
CAPITAL AND INVESTING Additions to capital assets Proceeds on disposal of capital assets Decrease (increase) in restricted cash or cash equivalents Proceeds on disposal of investments Decrease (increase) in investments Decrease (increase) in investments 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	4,768)
Additions to capital assets Proceeds on disposal of capital assets Decrease (increase) in restricted cash or cash equivalents Proceeds on disposal of investments Decrease (increase) in investments Decrease (increase) in investments 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	9,768
Additions to capital assets Proceeds on disposal of capital assets Decrease (increase) in restricted cash or cash equivalents Proceeds on disposal of investments Decrease (increase) in investments Decrease (increase) in investments 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
Proceeds on disposal of capital assets Decrease (increase) in restricted cash or cash equivalents Proceeds on disposal of investments Decrease (increase) in investments (9,319) 1	0.509)
Decrease (increase) in restricted cash or cash equivalents Proceeds on disposal of investments Decrease (increase) in investments - (9,319) 1	5,700
Proceeds on disposal of investments Decrease (increase) in investments (9,319) 1	_
Decrease (increase) in investments (9,319)	_
	7,639
Cash flows used by capital and investing (49,033) (74	7,170)
FINANCING:	
Proceeds from long term financing 148,058	_
	0,326)
Rounding -	1
	8,032)
Cash flow used by financing: (86,045) (16	8,357)
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH FLOW 882,046 (62	5,759)
Cash - beginning of year 842,762 1,46	8,521
CASH - END OF YEAR \$ 1,724,808 \$ 84	2,762
CASH CONSISTS OF:	
	2,762

Statement of Remeasurement Gains and Losses

Year Ended December 31, 2023

		udget 2023	 2023	2	2022
ACCUMULATED REMEASUREMENT GAIN - BEGINNING OF YEAR	<u>\$</u>		\$ _	\$	
Unrealized gains (losses) attributed to:					
Investments		_	-		_
Derivatives		-	-		-
Other		-	-		-
Unrealized gain on available for sale securities		-	-		-
Amounts reclassified to the statement of operations:					
Foreign currency translation gain		-	-		-
Reclassification for realized gain					_
Net remeasurement for the year		-	-	•	_
ACCUMULATED REMEASUREMENT GAIN -					
END OF YEAR	\$	-	\$ -	\$	

Notes to Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The consolidated financial statements of the municipality have been prepared by management in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards (PSAS) as recommended by the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada (CPA Canada). Significant aspects of the accounting policies adopted by the municipality are as follows:

Basis of Accounting: The consolidated financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The accrual basis of accounting requires revenues to be recognized as they become available and measurable and expenses are recognized as they are incurred and measurable as a result of the receipt of goods and services and the creation of a legal obligation to pay.

a) Reporting Entity:

The consolidated financial statements consolidate the assets, liabilities, and flow of resources of the municipality. The entity is comprised of all of the organizations that are owned or controlled by the municipality and are, therefore, accountable to the Council for the administration of their financial affairs and resources.

There are no entities consolidated in these financial statements.

Partnerships: A partnership represents a contractual arrangement between the municipality and a party or parties outside the reporting entity. The partners have significant, clearly defined common goals, make a financial investment in the partnership, share control of decision making, and share, on an equitable basis, the significant risks and benefits associated with the operations of the partnership.

There are no partnerships in these financial statements.

b) Collection of Funds for Other Authorities:

Collection of funds by the municipality for school boards, municipal hail, and conservation and development authorities are collected and remitted in accordance with relevant legislation.

c) Government Transfer:

Government transfers are the transfer of assets from senior levels of government that are not the result of an exchange transaction, are not expected to be repaid in the future, or the result of a direct financial return. Government transfers are recognized as revenue in the period that the events giving rise to the transfer occur, providing:

- a) the transfers are authorized;
- b) any eligibility criteria and stipulations have been met; and
- c) reasonable estimates of the amounts can be made.

Unearned government transfer amounts received will be recorded as deferred revenue until eligibility criteria or stipulations are met.

Earned government transfer amounts not received will be recorded as an amount receivable.

Government transfers to individuals and other entities are recognized as an expense when the transfers are authorized and all eligibility criteria have been met.

d) Other (Non-Government Transfer) Contributions:

Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the year received or in the year the funds are committed to the municipality if the amount can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured. Externally restricted contributions are contributions for which the contributor has placed restrictions on the use of the resources. Externally restricted contributions are deferred until the resources are used for the purpose specified, at which time the contributions are recognized as revenue. In-kind contributions are recorded at their fair value when they are received.

Notes to Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

e) Deferred Revenue:

Fees and charges: Certain user charges and fees are collected for which the related services have yet to be performed. Revenue is recognized in the period when the related expenses are incurred or services performed.

f) Local Improvement Charges:

Local improvement projects financed by frontage taxes recognize any prepayment charges as revenue in the period assessed.

g) Net Financial Assets:

Net Financial Assets at the end of an accounting period are the net amount of financial assets less liabilities outstanding. Financial assets represent items such as cash and those other assets on hand which could provide resources to discharge existing liabilities or finance future operations. These include realizable assets which are convertible to cash and not intended for consumption in the normal course of operations.

h) Non-financial Assets:

Tangible capital and other non-financial assets are accounted for as assets by the government because they can be used to provide government services in future periods. These assets do not normally provide resources to discharge the liabilities of the government unless they are sold.

i) Appropriated Reserves:

Reserves are established at the discretion of Council to designate surplus for future operating and capital transactions. Amounts so designated are described on Schedule 8.

j) Property Tax Revenue:

Property tax revenue is based on assessments determined in accordance with Saskatchewan Legislation and the formulas, principles, and rules in the Saskatchewan Assessment Manual. Tax mill rates are established annually by council. Tax revenues are recognized when the tax has been authorized by bylaw and the taxable event has occurred. Requisitions operate as a flow through and are excluded from municipal revenue.

k) Financial Instruments:

Financial Instruments: Derivative and equity instruments that are quoted in an active market are carried at fair value. All other financial instruments are measured at cost/amortized cost; financial assets measured at amortized cost are recognized initially net of transaction costs with interest income recognized using the effective interest rate method. Impairment losses are recognized in the statement of operations when there is an other than temporary decline in value.

Interest and dividends attributable to financial instruments are reported in the statement of operations. Unrealized gains and losses are recognized in the statement of remeasurement gains and losses. When the investment is disposed of the accumulated gains or losses are reclassified to the statement of operations.

Long-term debt: Long-term debt is initially recognized net of premiums, discounts, and transaction costs and is measured at amortized cost with interest expense recognized using the effective interest rate method.

Long-term receivables: Receivables with terms longer than one year have been classified as other long-term receivables.

Measurement of Financial Instruments:

The municipalities financial assets and liabilities are measured as follows:

Cash & Cash Equivalents = Cost and amortized cost

Investments = Fair value and cost/amortized cost

Other Accounts Receivable = Cost and amortized cost

Notes to Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Long term receivables = Amortized cost

Debt Charges Recoverable = Amortized cost

Bank Indebtedness = Amortized cost

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities = Cost

Deposit liabilities = Cost

Long-Term Debt = Amortized cost

Derivative Assets and Liabilities = Fair value

1) Inventory

Inventories of materials and supplies expected to be used by the municipality are valued at the lower of cost or replacement cost. Inventories of land, materials, and supplies held for resale are valued at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Cost is determined by the average cost method. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business.

m) Tangible Capital Assets:

All tangible capital asset acquisitions or betterments made throughout the year are recorded at their acquisition cost. Initial costs for tangible capital assets that were acquired and developed prior to 2009 were obtained via historical cost information or using current fair market values discounted by a relevant deflation factor back to the point of acquisition. Donated tangible capital assets received are recorded at their fair market value at the date of contribution. The cost of these tangible capital assets less any residual value are amortized over the estimated useful life of the asset, using the straight-line method. Tangible capital assets that are recognized at a nominal value are disclosed on Schedule 6. Tangible capital assets acquired during the year but not placed into use are not amortized until they are placed into use. The municipality's tangible capital asset useful lives are estimated as follows:

General Assets

Land: useful life = indefinite

Land Improvements: useful life = 15 years

Buildings: useful life = 40 years Vehicles: useful life = 10 years

Machinery and Equipment: useful life = 5 to 10 years

Office and Information Technology: useful life = 3 to 10 years

Infrastructure Assets

Water and Sewer: useful life = 40 years

Road Network Assets: useful life = 15 to 40 years

Government Contributions: Government contributions for the acquisition of capital assets are reported as capital revenue and do not reduce the cost of the related asset.

Works of Art: Assets that have a historical or cultural significance, which include works of art, monuments and other cultural artifacts are not recognized as tangible capital assets because a reasonable estimate of future benefits associated with this property cannot be made.

Capitalization of Interest: The municipality does not capitalize interest incurred while a tangible capital asset is under construction.

Notes to Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Leases: All leases are recorded on the consolidated financial statements as either a capital or operating lease. Any lease that transfers substantially all of the benefits and risk associated with the leased asset is classified as a capital lease and recorded as a tangible capital asset. At the inception of a capital lease, an asset and a payment obligation are recorded at an amount equal to the lesser of the present value of the minimum lease payments and the asset's fair market value. Assets under capital leases are amortized on a straight-line basis, over their estimated useful lives. Any other lease not meeting the before mentioned criteria is classified as an operating lease and rental payments are expensed as incurred.

n) Trust funds

Funds held in trust for others, under a trust agreement or statue, are not included in the consolidated financial statements as they are not controlled by the municipality.

There are no trust funds administered by the municipality.

o) Employee Benefit Plans

Contributions to the municipality's multi-employer defined benefit plans are expensed when contributions are made. Under the defined benefit plan, the municipality's obligations are limited to their contributions.

p) Liability for Contaminated Sites

Contaminated sites are a result of contamination being introduced into air, soil, water, or sediment of a chemical, organic, or radioactive material or live organism that exceeds an environmental standard. The liability is recorded net of any expected recoveries. A liability for remediation of contaminated sites is recognized when all the following criteria are met:

- a) an environmental standards exists;
- b) contamination exceeds the environmental standard;
- c) the municipality:
 - i) is directly responsible; or
- ii) accepts responsibility;
- d) it is expected that future economic benefits will be given up; and
- e) a reasonable estimate of the amount can be made.

q) Measurement uncertainty:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian public sector accounting standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Such estimates are periodically reviewed and any adjustments necessary are reported in earnings in the period in which they become known. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

Measurement uncertainty impacts the following financial statement areas:

Accounts receivable are stated after evaluation as to their collectability and an appropriate allowance for doubtful accounts is provided where considered necessary.

The measurement of materials and supplies are based on estimates of volume and quality.

The 'Opening Asset costs' of tangible capital assets have been estimated where actual costs were not available.

Amortization is based on the estimated useful lives of tangible capital assets.

Notes to Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

The liability associated with asset retirement obligations are measured with reference to the best estimate of the amount required to ultimately remediate the liability at the financial statement date, the discount rate, and inflation.

Measurement financial instruments at fair value and recognition and measurement of impairment of financial instruments requires the use of significant management estimates.

These estimates and assumptions are reviewed periodically and, as adjustments become necessary, they are reported in earnings in the periods in which they become known.

r) Basis of Segmentation/Segment Report:

The municipality follows the Public Sector Accounting Board's recommendations requiring financial information to be provided on a segmented basis. Municipal services have been segmented by grouping activities that have similar service objectives (by function). Revenues that are directly related to the costs of the function have been attributed to each segment. Interest is allocated to functions based on the purpose of specific borrowings.

The segments (functions) are as follows:

General Government: Provides for the administration of the municipality.

Protective Services: Comprised of expenses for Police and Fire protection.

Transportation Services: Responsible for the delivery of public works services related to the development and maintenance of roadway systems and street lighting.

Environmental and Public Health: The environmental segment provides waste disposal and other environmental services. The public health segment provides for expenses related to public health services in the municipality.

Planning and Development: Provides for neighbourhood development and sustainability.

Recreation and Culture: Provides for community services through the provision of recreation and leisure services.

Utility Services: Provides for delivery of water, collecting and treating of wastewater and providing collection and disposal of solid waste.

s) Budget Information:

Budget information is presented on a basis consistent with that used for actual results. The budget was approved by Council on May 31, 2023.

t) Assets Held for Sale:

The municipality is committed to selling the asset, the asset is in a condition to be sold, the asset is publicly seen to be for sale, there is an active market for the asset, there is a plan in place for selling the asset, and the sale is reasonably anticipated to be completed within one year of the financial statement date.

u) Asset Retirement Obligation:

Asset Retirement Obligations represent the legal obligations associated with the retirement of a tangible capital asset that result from its acquisition, construction, development, or normal use. The tangible assets include but are not limited to assets in productive use, assets no longer in productive use, leased tangible capital assets.

Notes to Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

The liability associated with an asset retirement obligation is measured with reference to the best estimate of the amount required to ultimately remediate the liability at the financial statement date to the extent that all recognition criteria are met. Asset retirement obligations are only recognized when there is a legal obligation for the municipality to incur costs in relation to a specific TCA, when the past transaction or event causing the liability has already occurred, when economic benefits will need to be given up in order to remediate the liability and when a reasonable estimate of such amount can be made. The best estimate of the liability includes all costs directly attributable to the remediation of the asset retirement obligation, based on the most reliable information that is available as at the applicable reporting date. Where cash flows are expected over future periods, the liability is recognized using a present value technique.

When a liability for an asset retirement obligation is initially recognized, a corresponding adjustment to the related tangible capital asset is also recognized. Through the passage of time in subsequent reporting periods, the carrying value of the liability is adjusted to reflect accretion expenses incurred in the current period. This expense ensures that the time value of money is considered when recognizing outstanding liabilities at each reporting date. The capitalized asset retirement cost within tangible capital assets is also simultaneously depreciated on the same basis as the underlying asset to which it relates.

At remediation, the municipality derecognizes the liability that was established. In some circumstances, gains or losses may be incurred upon settlement related to the ongoing measurement of the liability and corresponding estimates that were made and are recognized in the statement of operations.

v) Loan Guarantees:

The municipality can provide loan guarantees for various organizations, which are not consolidated as part of the municipality's Statements. As the guarantees represent potential financial commitments for the municipality, these amounts are considered as contingent liabilities and not formally recognized as liabilities until the municipality considers it likely for the borrower to default on its obligation and the amount of the liability can be estimated. The municipality monitors the status of the organizations, loans, and lines of credit annually and in the event that payment by the municipality is likely to occur, a provision will be recognized in the Statements.

The municipality has not provided any loan guarantees during this reporting period.

w) New Standards and Amendments to Standards:

Effective for Fiscal Years Beginning On or After April 1, 2023:

PS 3160, Public private partnerships, a new standard establishing guidance on how to account for and report on partnerships between public and private sector entities. Specifically those in which the entity in the public sector procures infrastructure in conjunction with a private sector entity. In these scenarios the private sector entity must have obligations to design, build, acquire or improve existing infrastructure. Furthermore they must also finance the transaction past the point in which the asset is initially ready for use along with operating and/or maintaining such on an ongoing basis. The standard applies to fiscal years beginning on or after April 1, 2023.

PS 3400, Revenue, a new standard establishing guidance on how to account for and report on revenue. The standard provides a framework for recognizing, measuring and reporting revenues that arise from transactions that include performance obligations and transactions that do not have performance obligations. Performance obligations are enforceable promises to provide specific goods or services to a specific payer. The standard is mandatory for fiscal years beginning on or after April 1, 2023. Earlier adoption is permitted. The standard may be adopted retroactively or prospectively.

PSG-8, Purchased intangibles, provides guidance on accounting for and reporting on purchased intangibles. It provides clarity on the recognition criteria, along with instances of assets that would not meet the definition of such. The standard may be adopted retroactively or prospectively.

The extent of the impact on adoption of these future standards is not known at this time.

Notes to Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

x) New Accounting Policies Adopted During the Year:

PS 3450 Financial Instruments, a new standard establishing guidance on the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of financial instruments, including derivatives. The standard requires fair value measurement of derivatives and equity instrument that are quoted in an active market; all other financial instruments can be measured at cost/amortized cost or fair value at the election of the government. Unrealized gains and losses are presented in a new statement of re-measurement gains and losses. There is the requirement to disclose the nature and extent of risks arising from financial instruments and clarification is given for the derecognition of financial liabilities.

These measurements are to be applied prospectively with any difference between the fair value and the prior carrying value being recognized as an adjustment to accumulated remeasurement gains and losses at the beginning of the fiscal year. This standard was adopted in conjunction with PS 1201 - Financial Statement Presentation, PS 2601 - Foreign Currency Translation and PS 3041 - Portfolio Investments.

PS 3280 Asset Retirement Obligations, a new standard establishing guidance on the accounting and reporting of legal obligations associated with the retirement of tangible capital assets controlled by a government or government organization. A liability for a retirement obligation can apply to tangible capital assets either in productive use or no longer in productive use. As this standard includes solid waste landfill sites active and post-closing obligations, upon adoption of this new standard, existing Solid Waste Landfill Closure and Post-Closure Liability section PS 3270 will be withdrawn.

2.	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS			
		-1	2023	2022
	Cash	\$_	1,724,808	\$ 842,762

Cash and cash equivalents includes balances with banks and short-term deposits with maturities of three months or less. Cash subject to restrictions that prevent its use for current purposes is included in restricted cash.

	17 <u></u>	2023	2022
Municipal taxes - current Municipal taxes - arrears	\$	91,773 10,766	\$ 56,899 14,423
Subtotal Municipal taxes - allowance for uncollectibles		102,539 (2,880)	71,322 (2,880)
Total municipal taxes receivable	\$	99,659	\$ 68,442
School taxes receivable - current School taxes receivable - arrears	_	2023 25,937 2,004	23,916
School taxes receivable - current School taxes receivable - arrears		25,937 2,004	23,916 1,647
T + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 +	53	27,941	25,563
Total taxes to be collected on behalf of School Divisions			
Other SMHI and C&D taxes receivable		4,237	2,182

Notes to Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

4.	TAXES RECEIVABLE - OTHER (continued)		2023	2022		
	<u>Other</u>	(<u> </u>				
	Total taxes and grants in lieu receivable to be collected on behalf of other organizations	\$	32,178	\$	27,745	
5.	OTHER ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE	n	2023		2022	
	Federal Government Provincial Government Local Government Utility Trade	\$	81,199 - 1,280 838 21,798	\$	57,122 135,793 - 1,336 52,222	
	Net Other Accounts Receivable	\$	105,115	\$	246,473	
6.	ASSETS HELD FOR SALE		2023		2022	
	Tax Title Property Allowance on TTP Net Tax Title Property	\$ 	12,553 (11,889) 664	\$	12,858 (12,193) 665	
	Net Other Land Total Assets Held for Sale	\$	664	\$	665	
7.	LONG-TERM INVESTMENT		2023		2022	
	Sask Assoc. of Rural Municipalities - Self Insurance Fund CMI shares	\$	83,681 3,000	\$	74,362 3,000	
	Total Long-Term Receivables	\$	86,681	\$	77,362	

8. BANK INDEBTEDNESS

Credit Arrangements

The municipality has available an operating line of credit in the amount of \$250,000 and bearing interest at prime plus 0.5%. Prime was 7.2% on December 31, 2023. The municipality did not utilize the available overdraft in 2023.

Notes to Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

9.	DEFERRED REVENUE		2022	2022		
		-	2023		2022	
	Prepaid taxes Prepaid utilities	\$	3,004 972	\$	4,134	
	Total deferred revenue	\$	3,976	\$	4,134	
10.	LONG TERM DEBT		1			
	a) The debt limit of the municipality is \$1,432,278. The debt limit for a municipality's own source revenues for the preceding year (the Municip				nount of the	
		-	2023		2022	
	Mortgage bearing interest at 3.99% compounded monthly, repayable in monthly blended payments of \$1,100. The municipality paid the loan off in full in 2023.	\$	_	\$	74,191	
	Term bearing interest at 2.99% per annum, repayable in monthly blended payments of \$2,908. The loan matured in 2023	•	-	•	17,201	
	Term loan bearing interest at 1.99% compounded monthly, repayable in monthly blended payments of \$5,750. The loan matures in 2024 and is secured by specific assignment of equipment. Term loan bearing interest at 5.24% compounded monthly,		27,853		95,568	
	repayable in monthly blended payments of \$4,453. The loan matures in 2026 and is secured by specific assignment of equipment.		105,197			
		\$	133,050	\$	186,960	
	Principal repayment terms are approximately: 2024 2025 2026	\$	76,950 51,732 4,368			
		\$	133,050			

11. CONTINGENT LIABILITY

The municipality is contingently liable under terms of the Saskatchewan Association of Rural Municipalities Self-Insurance Plan for its proportionate share of claims and future claims in excess of the Plan's reserve fund.

Notes to Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

12. PENSION PLAN

The municipality is an employer member of the Municipal Employee Pension Plan (MEPP), which is a multiemployer defined benefit pension plan. The Commission of MEPP, representing plan member employers, is responsible for overseeing the management of the pension plan, including investment of assets and administration of benefits. The municipality's pension expense in 2023 was \$26,105. The benefits accrued to the municipality's employees from MEPP are calculated using the following: Pensionable Years of Service, Highest Average Salary, and the plan accrual rate.

The employees of the municipality contribute 9% (2022 - 9%) of their wages to the plan, and the municipality matches all employee contributions. Total current service contributions by the municipality to the MEPP in 2023 were \$26,105 (2022 - \$33,802). Total current service contributions by the employees of the municipality to the MEPP in 2023 were \$26,105 (2022 - \$33,802).

Based on the latest information available (December 31, 2022) MEPP had a surplus in net assets available for benefits of \$3,243,568 and a reported a surplus of \$1,021,301; the municipalities portion of this is not readily determinable. MEPP is in the process of transitioning to a Not-for-Profit Corporation. This transition should not have a direct impact on the pensions held by the employees.

For further information of the amount of MEPP deficiency/surplus information see: https://mepp.peba.ca/fund-information/plan-reporting.

13. CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS AND COMMITMENTS

The Municipality has committed to the following:

The Municipality has committed to donating \$2,955 per year from 2017 - 2036 to the Melfort Wellness Centre.

14. RISK MANAGEMENT

The municipality is exposed to various risks through its financial assets and liabilities. The following analysis provides information about the municipality's risk exposure and concentration as of December 31, 2023.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument might be adversely affected by a change in the interest rates. In seeking to minimize the risks from interest rate fluctuations, the municipality manages exposure through its normal operating and financing activities. The municipality is exposed to interest rate risk primarily through its floating interest rate bank indebtedness and credit facilities.

The muncipality holds an available line of credit at prime plus 0.5%. Prime rate was 6.45% at January 1, 2023 and was 7.20% at Dececember 31, 2023. The municipality did not utilize this line of credit during the year.

Schedule of Taxes and Other Unconditional Revenue

(Schedule 1)

Process		Budget			
		2023		2023	2022
TAXES					
General municipal tax levy		1,481,680		1,476,481	1,473,347
Abatements and adjustments		(1,500)		(1,686)	(2,691)
Discount on current year taxes		(56,000)		(62,179)	(67,013)
Net municipal taxes		1,424,180		1,412,616	1,403,643
Penalties on tax arrears		2,400		3,095	 2,449
Total Taxes	-	1,426,580		1,415,711	1,406,092
UNCONDITIONAL GRANTS					
Revenue sharing	_	409,000		409,203	 363,305
GRANTS IN LIEU OF TAXES					
Federal					
Provincial					
TransGas		950		951	951
SaskTel		1,280		1,279	1,279
Other: SARM Fish & Wildlife		7,200		7,269	7,269
Local/Other					
Other Government Transfers					
Total Grants in Lieu of Taxes		9,430		9,499	9,499
TOTAL TAXES AND OTHER					
UNCONDITIONAL REVENUE	\$	1,845,010	\$_	1,834,413	\$ 1,778,896

Schedule of Operating and Capital Revenue by Function

(Schedule 2)

	2023		2022
		2023	2022
GENERAL GOVERNMENT			
Operating			
Custom Work	9,650	13,843	9,864
Sale of supplies	1,500	3,371	8,651
Other income: rent	360	430	210
Land sales - gain (loss)	221,380	82,091	523
Investment income	4,000	25,669	4,539
Commissions	3,000	7,233	2,903
Other:	50,000	50,000	-
Capital			
Restructuring Revenue	,		
Total General Government Services	289,890	182,637	26,690
PROTECTIVE SERVICES			
Operating			
Capital			
Restructuring Revenue			
	_		_
	-		
Total Protective Services	-		
TRANSPORTATION SERVICES			
Operating			
Custom work	7,000	5,190	5,243
Sale of supplies	2,500	23,320	17,809
Road maintenance and restoration agreements	55,000	45,557	66,293
Other: Gravel extraction fees	4,000	3,458	7,328
Other: Equipment rentals	_	-	19,389
TCA sales - gain (loss)	-	(2,418)	22,792
Other:	19,500	7,455	19,679
RIRG (CTP)	4,900	4,880	4,880
Student employment	1,820	1,820	_
Other: WSA	2,000	630	1,246
Other: SGI	-	6,949	_
Capital		•	
Grant: CCBF (New Deal Gas Tax)	36,830	40,170	18,416
Grant: RIRG (Bridges, Large culverts, Road	·	•	•
construction)	-	-	238,585
Restructuring Revenue			
Total Transportation Services	133,550	137,011	421,660
ENVIRONMENTAL AND PUBLIC HEALTH SERVIC	CES		
Operating			
Sale of supplies	550	1,737	900
Other: Donations	10,000	13,260	1,335
Grant: SARM	10,930	6,351	9,704
Capital			
Restructuring Revenue			
· ·			

Schedule of Operating and Capital Revenue by Function (continued)

(Schedule 2)

		Budget 2023		2023		2022
PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT SERVICES						
Operating						
Other: Cash in lieu of dedicated lands		400		-		2,701
Capital						
Restructuring Revenue	_					
Total Planning and Development Services	_	400				2,701
RECREATION AND CULTURAL SERVICES						
Operating						
Other: Local donations	\$	_	\$	1,646	\$	2,304
Capital	•		•	_,,	•	_,
Restructuring revenue						
Total Recreation and Cultural Services	\$		\$	1,646	\$	2,304
UTILITY SERVICES						
Operating						
Water charges	\$	17,280	\$	17,280	\$	17,280
Other: Sale of supplies		-		23		-
Investment income		140		700		312
Capital						
Restructuring Revenue						
Total Utility Services	\$	17,420	\$	18,003	\$	17,592
TOTAL ORDERATING AND CARREST REVENUE DV						
TOTAL OPERATING AND CAPITAL REVENUE BY	\$	460 740	₽.	260.646	ø	400.005
FUNCTION	<u> </u>	462,740	\$	360,646	\$	482,885
SUMMARY						
Total Other Segmented Revenue	\$	356,260	\$	249,846	\$	210,053
Total Operating Conditional Grants		69,650		70,630		15,830
Capital Conditional Grants (Schedule 4, 5)	_	36,830		40,170		257,002
TOTAL REVENUE BY FUNCTION	\$	462,740	\$	360,646	\$	482,885

Total Expenses by Function

(Schedule 3)

	Budget		
	2023	2023	2022
GENERAL GOVERNMENT SERVICES			
Council remuneration and travel	40,000	39,065	38,706
Wages and benefits	155,000	136,514	149,574
Professional/Contractual services	117,180	97,109	105,393
Utilities	11,100	10,497	9,789
Maintenance, materials and supplies	6,100	4,808	5,682
Amortization	-	2,535	2,535
Interest	14,000	9,900	10,021
	343,380	300,428	321,700
Total General Government Services	343,380	300,428	321,700
PROTECTIVE SERVICES			
Police Protection:	-	-	-
Professional/Contractual services	34,440	34,440	32,140
Police Protection	34,440	34,440	32,140
Fire Protection:	-	-	-
Professional/Contractual services	30,470	30,465	17,144
Maintenance, materials and supplies	-	-	2
Grants and contributions - capital	170	190	310
Amortization	-	4,240	4,240
Fire Protection	30,640	34,895	21,696
Total Protective Services	65,080	69,335	53,836
TRANSPORTATION SERVICES			
Wages and benefits	279,500	281,577	354,062
Professional/Contractual services	333,000	205,238	152,736
Utilities	17,000	14,681	16,049
Maintenance, materials and supplies	770,970	243,567	575,131
Gravel	250,000	156,427	174,672
Amortization		370,519	370,481
Transportation Services	1,650,470	1,272,009	1,643,131
Total Transportation Services	1,650,470	1,272,009	1,643,131
ENVIRONMENTAL AND PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE	ES		
Wages and benefits	700	674	686
Professional/Contractual services	57,500	49,587	36,927
	8,150	4,022	3,511
Maintenance, materials and supplies			
Grants and contributions - operating: Public	5.000	4 690	1 690
	5,000 71,350	4,680 58,963	4,680 45,804

Total Expenses by Function (continued)

(Schedule 3)

		Budget 2023	2023	2022
PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT SERVICES				
Professional/Contractual services		500	-	43
Planning and Development Services		500		43
Total Planning and Development Services	_	500	-	43
RECREATION AND CULTURAL SERVICES				
Professional/Contractual services		10,700	10,940	10,519
Grants and contributions - operating	_	22,000	19,131	23,058
Recreation and Cultural Services		32,700	30,071	33,577
Total Recreation and Cultural Services	_	32,700	30,071	33,577
UTILITY SERVICES				
Professional/Contractual services		25,650	26,606	9,407
Utilities		2,500	1,990	2,342
Maintenance, materials and supplies		3,250	2,384	1,867
Amortization		_	773	773
Total Utility Services	_	31,400	31,753	14,389
Total Utility Services		31,400	31,753	14,389
TOTAL EXPENSES BY FUNCTION	\$	2,194,880	\$ 1,762,560	\$ 2,112,479

RURAL MUNICIPALITY OF PLEASANTDALE NO 398
Consolidated Schedule of Segment Disclosure by Function
As at December 31, 2023

	General Government	Protective Services	Transportation Services	nsportation Services	Environmental and Public Health Services		Planning and Development	Recr	Recreation and Culture	Utility	Utility Services	Total 2023	
Revenues (Schedule 2) Total Other Segmented Revenue Tangible Capital Assets sales - gain Land sales - gain Investment income Commissions Other revenues Total Operating Conditional Grants Capital Conditional Grants	\$ 17,645 82,091 25,669 7,233		€9	77,525 (2,418) - 7,455 114,279 40,170	e9	1,737 \$		€9	1,646	49	17,303 \$	_	114,210 (2,418) 82,091 26,369 7,233 22,361 70,630 40,170
Total Revenues	182,638	t	1	137,011	2	21,348			1,646		18,003	360	360,646
Expenses (Schedule 3) Salaries and wages Professional/Contractual services Utilities Maintenance, materials and supplies Grants and contributions Amortization Interest	175,578 97,109 10,497 4,808 - 2,535 9,900	64,905 - 190 4,240		281,577 205,238 14,681 399,995 - 370,519	4 , ,	674 49,587 4,022 4,680			10,940		26,606 1,990 2,384 773	457, 454, 27, 24, 37, 9,	457,829 454,385 27,168 411,209 24,001 9,900
Total Expenses	300,427	69,335		1,272,010	33	58,963	•		30,071		31,753	1,762,559	,559
Surplus (Deficit) by Function	\$ (117,789)	\$ (69,335)	€	(1,134,999)	\$ (3,	(37,615) \$		€9	(28,425)	69	(13,750) \$	(1,401,913)	(513)
Surplus (Deficit) by Function as at December 31, 2023 Taxes and other unconditional revenue (Schedule 1) Rounding Net Surplus (Deficit)			\$ (1,4	(1,401,913) 1,834,413 (1) 432,499									

See notes to financial statements

RURAL MUNICIPALITY OF PLEASANTDALE NO 398
Consolidated Schedule of Segment Disclosure by Function
As at December 31, 2022

(Schedule 5)

	General Government	Protective Services	Transportation Services	Environmental and Public Health Services	Planning and Development	Recreation and Culture		Utility Services	Total 2022
Revenues (Schedule 2) Total Other Segmented Revenue Tangible Capital Assets sales - gain Land sales - gain Investment income Commissions Other revenues Total Operating Conditional Grants Capital Conditional Grants	\$ 18,724 \$ - 523 4,539 - 2,903		\$ 116,061 22,792 - - 19,679 6,126 257,002	\$ 900	2,701	2,304	€9	17,280 \$	152,965 22,792 25,392 523 4,851 2,903 26,019 15,830 25,002
Total Revenues	26,689		421,660	11,939	2,701	2,304		17,592	482,885
Expenses (Schedule 3) Salaries and wages Professional/Contractual services Utilities Maintenance, materials and supplies Grants and contributions Amortization Interest	188,280 105,393 9,789 5,682 - 2,535 10,021	49,283 - 2 310 4,240	354,062 152,736 16,049 749,804 370,481	686 36,927 3,511 4,680	43	10,519		9,407 2,342 1,867 -	543,028 364,308 28,180 760,866 28,048 378,029 10,021
Total Expenses	321,700	53,835	1,643,132	45,804	43	33,577		14,389	2,112,480
Surplus (Deficit) by Function	\$ (295,011) \$	(53,835)	\$ (1,221,472)	\$ (33,865)	\$ 2,658	\$ (31,273)	\$	3,203 \$	(1,629,595)
Surplus (Deficit) by Function as at December 31, 2022 Taxes and other unconditional revenue (Schedule 1) Rounding Net Surplus (Deficit)			\$ (1,629,595) 1,778,895 (1) \$ 149,299						

See notes to financial statements

Consolidated Schedule of Tangible Capital Assets by Object RURAL MUNICIPALITY OF PLEASANTDALE NO 398 As at December 31, 2023.

(Schedule 6)

	Gene	General Assets									Infrastructure Assets		General/ Infrastructure				2002
		Land	Land Improvements	nts	Buildings	S	Vehicles	cles	Machinery & Equipment	inery pment	Linear Assets		Assets Under Construction		Total		Total
Asset cost Opening Asset costs Additions during the year	€9	8,539	↔	€9	109	109,191		12,720	\$ 2,4	2,454,231 \$	\$ 4,322,009	& &	()	69	6,893,970 42,996	6	6,208,626 1,140,509
Disposals and write-downs during the year Rounding		1 1	1 1					, ,		(9,500)).		, ,		(9,500)		(455,165)
Closing Asset Costs		8,539	'		105	109,191		12,720	2.4	2,475,007	4 322 009	0			6,927,466		6 893 970
Accumulted Amortization Cost Opening Accumulated Amortization costs Add: Amortization taken Less: Accumulated		1 1	, ,		72	72,130 2,183		1 1	1,0	1,091,633 288,267	2,581,540	7	1 1		3,745,303		3,469,531 378,029
amortization on disposals	,									(3,800)					(3,800)		(102,257)
Closing Accumulated					74	74,313			1,3	1,376,100	2 669 157	L			4,119,570		3,745,303
Net Book Value	69	8,539 \$	€9	6 49		34,878 \$	60	12,720	\$ 1.0	1,098,907	\$ 1,652,852	\$		€9	2,807,896	69	3,148,667

^{1.} Total contributed/donated assets received in 2023 = \$nil

See notes to financial statements

^{2.} List of assets recognized at nominal value in 2023 are:
- Infrastructure Assets = \$nil
- Vehicles = \$nil
- Machinery and Equipment = \$nil

^{3.} Amount of interest capitalized in Schedule 6 = \$nil

RURAL MUNICIPALITY OF PLEASANTDALE NO 398
Consolidated Schedule of Tangible Capital Assets by Function
As at December 31, 2023

(Schedule 7)

	ğ	General Government 2023	-	Protective Services 2023	[‡]	Transportation Services 2023	Enviro Publi 2	Environmental & Public Health 2023	Pla	Planning & Development 2023	Recre Cu	Recreation & Culture 2023	Water	Water & Sewer 2023	βĀ	Total 2023	Total 2022
Asset cost Opening Asset costs Additions during the year	€9	78,595	€/9	42,400	69	6,693,927	64	27,183	€	1 1	69	i i	69	51,865	ý s	6,893,970 \$ 42,996	6,208,626
Disposals and write-downs during the year Transfer of Canital Assets		•		•		(9,500)		ı		ı				1		(9,500)	(455,165)
related to restructuring (Schedule 11) Rounding				1 1		, ,											31 31
Closing Asset Costs		78,595		42,400		6.727.423		27,183		36		,		51,865	6,	6,927,466	6,893,970
Accumulated Amortization Cost Opening Accumulated Amortization Costs		40,060		12,720		3,654,416		5,957		ı				32,150	ર્ભ	3,745,303	3,469,531
Amortization Less: Accumulated amortization on disposals		2,535		4,240		3,800)				t 1		ı f				(3,800)	(102,257)
Transfer of Capital Assets related to restructuring (Schedule 11)	J							ı				,					e.
Accumulated Amortization Cost total		42,595		16,960		4 021 135		5,957		,				32,923	4	4,119,570	3,745,303
Net Book Value	e٩	36,000	69	25,440	69	2,706,288	69	21,226	6/3		69	۱.	643	18,942	\$	2,807,896 \$	3,148,667

See notes to financial statements

Consolidated Schedule of Accumulated Surplus

(Schedule 8)

		2022	Changes	2023
UNAPPROPRIATED SURPLUS	\$	491,443	\$ 847,099	\$ 1,338,544
APPROPRIATED RESERVES				
Future expenditures		450,796	-	450,796
CCBF (New Deal Gas Tax)		269,028	(161,035)	107,993
Dedicated lands		6,749	71	6,820
Fire Equipment		10,355	17,524	27,879
Lac Vert water utility		9,371	97	9,468
Machinery and equipment		3,218	46,073	49,291
Road construction infrastructure		2,726	28	2,754
Bridges		50,266	50,569	100,835
Gravel		679	7	686
Pleasantdale Cemetery		20,716	(1,968)	18,748
Buildings		46,608	487	 47,095
Total Appropriated	-	870,512	(48,147)	822,365
NET INVESTMENT IN TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSET	S			
Tangible capital assets (Schedule 6, 7)		3,148,667	(340,771)	2,807,896
Less: Related debt	_	(107,368)	(25,682)	(133,050)
Net Investment in Tangible Capital Assets	_	3,041,299	(366,453)	2,674,846
Accumulated Surplus (Deficit)				
excluding remeasurement gains (losses)	\$	4,403,254	\$ 432,499	\$ 4,835,755

RURAL MUNICIPALITY OF PLEASANTDALE NO 398 Schedule of Mill Rates and Assessments

(Schedule 9)

As at December 31, 2023							
	PROPERTY CLASS Agriculture	Residential	Residential Condominium	Seasonal Residential	Commercial & Industrial	Potash Mine(s)	Total
Taxable Assessment Regional Park Assessment	125,686,310	11,881,225 32,957,440	1 1	1 1	1,741,650		139,309,185
Total Assessment	125,686,310	44,838,665		,	1,741,650		172,266,625
Mill Rate Factors: Agriculture = 1.25 Residential = 1.50 Commercial = 2.20							
Total Base/Minimum Tax (generated for each property class) Ad velorem and special levies	17,750	59,250 117.662		1 1	30,309		77,750 1,398,731
Total Municipal Tax Levy (include base and/or minimum tax and special levies)	1,268,510	176,912			31,059	ı	1,476,481

MILL RATES:

Average Municipal * = 10.60 millsAverage School * = 2.29 millsPotash Mill Rate = n/aUniform Municipal Mill Rate = 8.00 mills

* Average Mill Rates (multiply the total tax levy for each taxing authority by 1000 and divide by the total assessment for the taxing authority).

Schedule of Council Remuneration

(Schedule 10)

		Reimbursed	
	Remuneration	Costs	Total
Reeve Morgan Leigh	5,169	3,052	8,221
Councillor Doug Hardy	1,300	594	1,894
Councillor Ernest Pederson	4,675	2,209	6,884
Councillor Helen Meekins	5,013	1,405	6,418
Councillor Jennifer Bushby	4,750	1,472	6,222
Councillor Mark Govan	2,756	354	3,110
Councillor Michael Patterson	200	31	231
Councillor Robert Hutchison	4,575	1,510	6,085
Total	28,438	10,627	39,065

Schedule of Restructuring

(Schedule 11)

		Total 2023
Carrying Amount of Assets and Liabilities Transferred/Received at Restructuring Date:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	_
Investments	•	_
Taxes Receivable - Municipal		_
Other Accounts Receivable		_
Assets Held for Sale		_
Long-Term Receivable		_
Debt Charges Recoverable		-
Derivative Assets		-
Bank Indebtedness		_
Accounts Payable		-
Accrued Liabilities Payable		2
Derivative Liabilities		-
Deposits		-
Deferred Revenue		-
Asset Retirement Obligation		-
Liability for Contaminated Sites		-
Other Liabilities		-
Long-Term Debt		-
Lease Obligations		-
Tangible Capital Assets		-
Prepayments and Deferred Charges		-
Stock and Supplies		-
Other		-
Total Net Carrying Amount Received (Transferred)	\$	